

JANUARY 22, 2009KAREN S. MITCHELL
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURTIN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
AMARILLO DIVISION

GEORGE HERNANDEZ,

Petitioner,

v.

NATHANIEL QUARTERMAN,
Director TDCJ-CID,

Respondent.

§
§
§
§
§
§
§
§
§

2:09-CV-0014

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
TO DISMISS PETITION FOR A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

Petitioner has filed with this Court a form Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in State Custody pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §2254. Petitioner is presently incarcerated at the Clements Unit in Amarillo, Texas pursuant to a September 12, 2005 conviction on one county of Aggravated Robbery and nine counts of Robbery out of El Paso County, Texas, and a resultant eight-year sentence. For the reasons hereinafter expressed, the Magistrate Judge is of the opinion petitioner's application for federal habeas corpus relief fails to present a cognizable ground for relief and should be DISMISSED.

I.
PETITIONER'S ALLEGATIONS

Petitioner appears to argue:

1. Deliberate indifference to serious medical needs and a denial of an MRI.

Petitioner appears to request to be medically unassigned.

II.
28 U.S.C. § 2254 v. 42 U.S.C. § 1983

“[W]hen a state prisoner is challenging the very fact or duration of his physical imprisonment, and the relief he seeks is a determination that he is entitled to immediate release or a speedier release from that imprisonment, his sole federal remedy is a writ of habeas corpus.” *Preiser v. Rodriguez*, 411 U.S. 475, 500, 93 S.Ct. 1827, 36 L.Ed.2d 439 (1973); *Cook v. Tex. Dep't of Criminal Justice Transitional Planning Dep't*, 37 F.3d 166, 168 (5th Cir. 1994). “[A] § 1983 challenge is a proper remedy for a state prisoner who is making a constitutional challenge to the conditions of his prison life, but not to the fact or length of his custody.” *Preiser*, 411 U.S. at 499.

Here, petitioner’s allegations challenge an aspect of petitioner’s confinement. Petitioner does not challenge the fact or duration of his confinement, nor does he seek a finding by this Court that would entitle him to a speedier release from prison. Petitioner’s claims are not cognizable in a federal habeas corpus action.

This Court declines to redesignate petitioner’s present pleading as a civil rights complaint because these claims have already been presented as a civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. §1983 presenting pending before this Court as Cause No. 2:09-CV-0013. Petitioner is the one who must decide if he wishes to pursue another civil rights lawsuit on this claim. As petitioner’s claims are not cognizable in a federal habeas corpus action the petition should be dismissed.

III.
RECOMMENDATION

It is the RECOMMENDATION of the United States Magistrate Judge to the United States District Judge that the application for a writ of habeas corpus filed by petitioner GEORGE

HERNANDEZ be DISMISSED.

IV.
INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE

The United States District Clerk is directed to send a copy of this Report and Recommendation to each party by the most efficient means available.

IT IS SO RECOMMENDED.

ENTERED this 22nd day of January 2009.


CLINTON E. AVERITTE
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

* NOTICE OF RIGHT TO OBJECT *

Any party may object to these proposed findings, conclusions and recommendation. In the event a party wishes to object, they are hereby NOTIFIED that the deadline for filing objections is eleven (11) days from the date of filing as indicated by the “entered” date directly above the signature line. Service is complete upon mailing, Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(B), or transmission by electronic means, Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(b)(2)(D). When service is made by mail or electronic means, three (3) days are added after the prescribed period. Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(e). Therefore, any objections must be filed on or before the fourteenth (14th) day after this recommendation is filed as indicated by the “entered” date. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); R. 4(a)(1) of Miscellaneous Order No. 6, as authorized by Local Rule 3.1, Local Rules of the United States District Courts for the Northern District of Texas.

Any such objections shall be made in a written pleading entitled “Objections to the Report and Recommendation.” Objecting parties shall file the written objections with the United States District Clerk and serve a copy of such objections on all other parties. A party’s failure to timely file written objections to the proposed findings, conclusions, and recommendation contained in this report shall bar an aggrieved party, except upon grounds of plain error, from attacking on appeal the unobjected-to proposed factual findings, legal conclusions, and recommendation set forth by the Magistrate Judge in this report and accepted by the district court. *See Douglass v. United Services Auto. Ass’n*, 79 F.3d 1415, 1428-29 (5th Cir. 1996); *Rodriguez v. Bowen*, 857 F.2d 275, 276-77 (5th Cir. 1988).